FEDERAL HOUSING FINANCE BOARD

BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING

OPEN SESSION

Washington, D.C.

Wednesday, May 9, 2007

1	PARTICIPANTS:
2	Board Members
3	RONALD A. ROSENFELD, Chairman
4	BRIAN MONTGOMERY, Director
5	GEOFFREY BACINO, Director
6	ALICIA R. CASTANEDA, Director
7	ALLAN I. MENDELOWITZ, Director
8	SHELIA WILLIS, Secretary
9	Also Present
10	NEIL R. CROWLEY
11	STEPHEN M. CROSS
12	PAT SWEENEY
13	TOM JOSEPH
14	CHRISTINA MURADIAN
15	J.P. GREEN
16	DARRIS MEEKS
17	CHRIS BOSLAND
18	JONATHAN LINDLEY
19	CHUCK JONES
20	BILL GLAVIN
21	
22	* * * *

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(10:00 a.m.)
3	CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Good morning,
4	everyone. I call this meeting of the Board of
5	Directors of the Federal Housing Finance Board to
6	order. Today we will have an open session
7	followed immediately by a closed session where the Board
8	will receive updates of Examination and Supervisory Findings.
9	We now need to vote to approve closing
10	the latter portion of today's meeting, as required
11	by the Sunshine Act and Finance Board of Regulations.
12	And since the closed portion of today's meeting
13	will contain sensitive and confidential bank
14	examination information, I would ask for a motion
15	to seal the transcript of this portion of the
16	meeting.
17	Director Bacino?
18	DIRECTOR BACINO: Mr. Chairman, I move
19	to close the portion of this meeting, at which we
20	will receive updates of examination and
21	supervisory requirements, and, further, that we
22	determine that the record and transcript of the

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- 2 confidential.
- 3 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Thank you for the
- 4 motion. Is there any discussion on the motion?
- 5 Any discussion?
- 6 Do I have a second?
- 7 DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: Second.
- 8 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Thank you, Director
- 9 Castaneda. Will the secretary please call the
- 10 roll?
- 11 SECRETARY WILLIS: Well, the item before
- the Board, Director Bacino, how do you vote?
- 13 DIRECTOR BACINO: Yes.
- 14 SECRETARY WILLIS: Director Castaneda?
- 15 DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: Yes.
- 16 SECRETARY WILLIS: Director Mendelowitz?
- 17 DIRECTOR MENDELOWITZ: Yes.
- 18 SECRETARY WILLIS: Director Montgomery?
- 19 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: Yes.
- 20 SECRETARY WILLIS: Chairman Rosenfeld?
- 21 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Yes. The motion is
- 22 carried and a subsequent portion of our meeting

will be closed, and its transcript will remain

- 2 closed and confidential. Thank you.
- 3 Let us now turn to the public portion of
- 4 today's meeting. The first item regarding the
- 5 designation of directorships for the Federal Home
- 6 Loan Banks. Who will be making the presentation?
- 7 Pat?
- 8 MS. SWEENEY: Thank you. Each year the
- 9 Finance Board is required to allocate the elective
- 10 directorships of each of the federal home loan
- 11 banks among the states in the banks districts.
- 12 The calculation for allocating the directorships
- are based primarily on the amount of bank stock
- owned by the members in each state. However, the
- 15 calculation may be adjusted under a grandfather
- 16 provision which requires each state to have at
- least as many directorships as it had in 1960, and
- 18 under another provision that authorizes the
- 19 Finance Board to increase the size of the boards
- of the banks in any of the districts that have
- 21 five or more states. Staff recommends that the
- 22 Board of Directors approve the 2007 designation of

1 bank directorships as set out in the resolution

- and two attachments provided in your board books
- 3 and as summarized as follows:
- 4 First, designate the minimum required
- 5 allocation of elective directorships by state for
- 6 a total of 109 statutory seats, which is two less
- 7 than last year's total.
- 8 The second is to approve nine
- 9 discretionary elective directorships currently
- 10 allocated by the Board, which is no change from
- 11 what's in place right now.
- The third is to maintain the 10
- 13 discretionary appointive directorships currently
- 14 allocated by the Board.
- The Finance Board conducts the annual
- 16 allocation of directorships in accordance with the
- 17 mathematical formula known as the Method of Equal
- 18 Proportions. The first step in apportioning the
- 19 eight elective directorships per bank is to assign
- 20 one elective directorship to each state. The
- 21 balance of the eight directorships remaining, if
- 22 any, is then assigned using the Method of Equal

- 1 Proportions.
- 2 Directorships are assigned according to
- 3 this formula based largely on the amount of stock
- 4 held by members in the state at the end of the
- 5 year of the prior year. This year the application
- of the Method of Equal Proportions and the
- 7 grandfather provision results in the total of 109
- 8 required elective directorships being allocated
- 9 across the system.
- 10 This number reflects a net reduction of
- 11 two compared to 2006. The number required is
- decreasing by one in the districts of Boston, New
- 13 York, and Pittsburgh, and increasing by one in the
- 14 district of Indianapolis. For the other eight
- 15 banks calculations using the Method of Equal
- Proportions and the grandfather provision results
- in no change to the number of elective
- 18 directorships; however, in the district of San
- 19 Francisco, Nevada gains one seat and California
- 20 loses one seat.
- 21 And now, just a brief description of
- 22 what's going on. In Boston the loss of one seat

1 in Rhode Island is due primarily to a drop of 15

- 2 percent in Bank of America, Rhode Island's advance
- 3 activity.
- In New York, the loss of one seat in the
- 5 state of New York is due primarily to the merger
- 6 activity involving two of the banks six largest
- 7 borrowers involving out-of-district institutions.
- 8 In Pittsburgh, the loss of one seat is
- 9 due, in Delaware, primarily to a 27 percent
- decrease in stockholdings of Delaware members
- 11 resulting from GMAC bank's relocation of home
- office to Pennsylvania along with the subsequent
- 13 reorganization of the GMAC charter.
- In Indianapolis, Indiana experienced a
- 15 26 percent decrease in member stockholdings
- 16 resulting from mergers and consolidation activity
- 17 involving out of district institutions while
- 18 Michigan experienced a four percent decrease.
- 19 Applying the Method of Equal Proportions
- and the grandfather provision, Michigan gains one
- 21 directorship.
- 22 And, finally, in San Francisco last year

1 we saw the shift of two seats from California to

- 2 Nevada due to the home office relocation of
- 3 Washington Mutual Bank to Henderson, Nevada. This
- 4 year another seat shifts from California to Nevada
- 5 with the home office relocation and increased
- 6 borrowings of City Bank, which is the largest
- 7 borrower both in the 12th District and also in the
- 8 system.
- 9 For any bank, whose district includes
- 10 five or more states, the Bank Act authorizes the
- 11 Finance Board to increase the number of elective
- directorships up to 13 and increase the number of
- 13 appointed directorships up to three-fourths the
- 14 number of elected directorships. The banks of
- Boston, Atlanta, Des Moines, Dallas, and Seattle
- are the only banks to which the discretionary
- 17 authority applies. In prior years, the Finance
- 18 Board created additional elective and appointive
- 19 directorships for each of these banks.
- 20 At present, the Finance Board has
- 21 approved a total of 19 discretionary
- 22 directorships, nine elective and 10 appointive for

1 these five banks. The approval of these

- directorships is purely a matter of discretion for
- 3 the Board of Directors and is not dependent on the
- 4 amount of bank stock held by the members in any
- 5 particular state or any other factor.
- 6 As part of this Board package, a
- 7 resolution has been drafted to preserve the 19
- 8 discretionary seats. The Board of Directors,
- 9 however, has the discretion to decline to
- 10 reauthorize any or all of these directorships if
- it so chooses.
- The resolution with attachments has been
- 13 provided for action by the Board of Directors to
- 14 approve this designation of directorships. The
- 15 effective date of the designation would be January
- 16 1, 2008.
- 17 Attachment 1 to the Resolution provides
- 18 the minimum required allocation of the elective
- 19 directorships for each state, the allocation of
- 20 appointive directorships for each district, plus
- 21 the proposed discretionary seats for both
- 22 appointed and elected directorships.

1 Attachment 2 to the Resolution includes

- 2 a matrix for each of the boards of directors which
- 3 serves to preserve and maintain an historical
- 4 record of the term and sequence for the staggering
- 5 of the directorships.
- 6 This concludes my portion of the
- 7 presentation, and I believe I will be followed by
- 8 Neil Crowley.
- 9 MR. CROWLEY: If I may, Mr. Chairman, in
- 10 putting together the designation package for you this
- 11 week, we've followed the practices that we've had
- in place for a number of years here.
- In going through -- and following
- 14 those practices it's become apparent to us that
- there are certain areas of the process that could
- 16 probably stand to be improved or made more
- 17 efficient. Unfortunately, they also would require
- 18 certain changes to our rulemaking, to our rules to
- 19 make that happen.
- 20 And what I want to do is to inform you
- 21 that we at a staff level are planning to present
- 22 to you some time later -- probably in the summer

1 -- a proposed rule that would address some of the

- issues that we have with the designation, and in
- 3 particular things like the discretionary seats
- 4 which are seats available for banks with five or
- 5 more states. The original practice, I think, had
- 6 been to allocate those seats to the states that
- 7 had the most members, the most stock, but over
- 8 time we've sort of drifted away from that
- 9 practice.
- 10 There are some other questions that come
- 11 up from time to time, which is when seats migrate
- 12 from one state to another based on fluctuations of
- 13 stock from year to year as well as how we select
- which seat disappears where stock might drop in
- one state, but you might not have a corresponding
- increase in the other state.
- 17 So I just wanted to bring to your
- 18 attention that although we've followed the current
- 19 practice for this package, this is something that
- 20 we think can stand some improvement, and we will
- 21 be bringing something to you later in the year.
- 22 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Any of the

directors have any questions? Comments?

- 2 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: What's with the
- 3 background of the grandfather provisions? They've
- 4 been challenged previously?
- 5 MR. CROWLEY: It's statutory. It dates
- 6 to 1961, I believe, when the Board structure was
- 7 most recently revised. I can't recall exactly how
- 8 the Board -- the directorships were allocated
- 9 there at that time, but I think part of the reason
- 10 for that was to refocus the allocation, tie it
- 11 more closely to the stock held by the members in
- 12 each state.
- But there was, apparently, a political
- compromise which put in a grandfather provision
- that said, notwithstanding this change, nobody
- will be worse off than they were back in 1960.
- So, in effect, when we do this, we allocate seats
- 18 based on stock as it exists today. But if there
- is a state that is a result of that calculation
- and gets fewer seats than it had in 1960, we're
- 21 obliged to give them the however many additional
- seats they need to get to what they had in 1960.

1 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: Has it been

- 2 challenged since that time?
- MR. CROWLEY: Not that I know of, no.
- 4 You're talking about litigation or --
- 5 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: No, an effort to
- 6 change the legislation.
- 7 MR. CROWLEY: Well, the House bill, I
- 8 think originally would have repealed the
- 9 grandfather provision, but there was an amendment
- in the markup that put the grandfather provision
- 11 back in, so I believe that the bill at the House
- 12 Banking Committee right now preserves the
- grandfather provision.
- 14 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Any other
- 15 questions? Yes, Director Bacino?
- DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: No, I do not have one.
- 17 DIRECTOR BACINO: Oh, okay.
- Neil, I'm glad to hear
- that we're going to look at this more closely over
- 20 the next year, because the one thing that kind of
- 21 came up to me as we were going through the
- 22 briefing was, as the old commercial says: This

isn't your father's Oldsmobile. In the same way,

- this kind of isn't your father's Federal Home Loan
- 3 Bank system. It is different, I think. Some of
- 4 those things have changed.
- I just want to make sure on one thing,
- 6 though. By doing this, we are still retaining the
- 7 ability to add or subtract the discretionary seats
- 8 in the states?
- 9 MR. CROWLEY: Oh, yes.
- 10 DIRECTOR BACINO: Okay.
- 11 MR. CROWLEY: Yes, we're not -- and I
- 12 think what we would suggest to you is a
- 13 methodology or a practice to adhere to, and THAT
- 14 question, is that something that you want to do
- each year, or do you want to revisit, for example,
- only when the terms expire? Because the
- designation is something that we are required to
- do each year, but the term of office, obviously,
- is three years. So it's the details of the
- 20 process that we want to try to refine a little
- 21 bit.
- DIRECTOR BACINO: Okay, thanks.

1 DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: So we may look at

- 2 these recommendations, but at the end of the day
- 3 perhaps we may not want to change anything
- 4 recommended?
- 5 MR. CROWLEY: Absolutely. We just want
- 6 to make suggestions to you and get your views of
- 7 those.
- 8 DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: Um-hmm.
- 9 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: If there is nothing
- 10 else, I would accept the motion to approve the
- 11 resolution.
- 12 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: I so move.
- 13 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Is there a second?
- 14 DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: I second.
- 15 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Thank you, Director
- 16 Castaneda. Will the secretary please call the
- 17 roll?
- 18 SECRETARY WILLIS: On the item before the
- 19 Board, Director Bacino, how do you vote?
- 20 DIRECTOR BACINO: Yes.
- 21 SECRETARY WILLIS: Director Castaneda?
- 22 DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: Yes.

1	SECRETARY	WILLIS:	Director	Mendelowitz?

- 2 DIRECTOR MENDELOWITZ: Yes.
- 3 SECRETARY WILLIS: Director Montgomery?
- 4 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: Yes.
- 5 SECRETARY WILLIS: Chairman Rosenfeld?
- 6 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Yes. The motion is
- 7 adopted. Is it possible to defer consideration of
- 8 the Revised Rules until after I'm gone?
- 9 (Laughter)
- 10 MR. CROSS: Absolutely, sir.
- 11 DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: Which is when?
- 12 DIRECTOR MENDELOWITZ: I believe, Mr.
- 13 Chairman, that's in your own power.
- 14 (Laughter)
- 15 PARTICIPANT: It's your verdict.
- 16 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: The second item of
- our agenda is the new business activity request
- 18 from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta. I
- 19 know who will be making the presentation. Let's
- 20 roll.
- 21 MR. CROSS: By notice dated February 23,
- 22 2007, the Atlanta bank requested approval to

1 participate in a program that they refer to as the

- 2 Global Mortgage Alliance Program, and I'll refer
- 3 to it by its acronym GMAP, or GMAP.
- 4 GMAP is a new venture intended to
- 5 provide members of the Atlanta Bank and possibly
- 6 other banks in the future with the means to sell
- 7 fixed-rate conforming mortgage loans to a private
- 8 sector entity.
- 9 The loans would be deposited in a trust
- 10 which would issue a private label, MBS, backed by
- 11 those participating members' mortgage loans. I
- want to emphasize these would be private label
- 13 mortgage- backed securities. The Atlanta name or
- logo would not be used in the marketing of these
- 15 securities. No representations would be made that
- these are securities of the Atlanta bank or the
- 17 home loan bank system, or that the Atlanta bank is
- 18 a partner in this venture.
- 19 The Atlanta bank would play a limited
- 20 role in GMAP. The bank would market the product
- 21 to its members, verify that member participants
- 22 meet the program's operation and servicing

1 standards; that they would transfer settlement and

- 2 monthly interest in principal payments; they would
- 3 perform quality control functions and other
- 4 ancillary services for a fee.
- 5 Atlanta will not provide advances to
- finance the purchases of the mortgages by the
- 7 securitizer from participating members or to
- 8 support the securitization of the loans.
- 9 In addition, the bank will not be
- involved in the structuring or the sale of the
- 11 securities in any way. GMAP loans will be
- 12 securitized using a senior subordinated structure
- where the subordinated tranches provide the credit
- enhancement for the more senior securities.
- The senior securities will likely be
- 16 registered with the Securities and Exchange
- 17 Commission and sold in public offerings, although
- 18 for the first few transactions the senior
- 19 securities may be placed in private offerings to
- 20 institutional investors. The subordinated
- 21 securities will not be registered and will be
- 22 offered in private placements to institutional

1 investors, including institutional investors

- 2 affiliated with the securitizer.
- In all cases, the offerings shall meet
- 4 requirements of applicable security laws. The
- 5 bank is under no obligation and has represented to
- 6 us that it does not intend to invest in any of the
- 7 securities. That said, these are mortgage-backed
- 8 securities that would likely be eligible for the
- 9 Atlanta bank's purchase or the purchase by other
- 10 federal home loan banks under our existing
- 11 standards.
- 12 GMAP is not an AMA program. There are
- two AMA programs, MPP and MPF. Under those
- 14 programs -- and Atlanta participates in both of
- those programs -- the bank purchases mortgages and
- 16 holds them in portfolio until maturity or until
- 17 paid off by the borrower. At no time would the
- 18 Atlanta bank acquire mortgages under GMAP; instead
- 19 the bank will be facilitating the sale of
- 20 mortgage loans by its participating members to a
- 21 third party. Those loans would otherwise be
- 22 eligible for purchase by the bank under its AMA

1 authority. Members will retain an outlet for

- their mortgage loans, but the bank does not incur
- 3 the interest rate risk associated with the
- 4 purchase of mortgages from participating members.
- 5 Our planned response to the bank will
- 6 state that the approval, if granted, is limited to
- 7 the specific facts and circumstances and
- 8 representations set forth in the bank's submission
- 9 that will include, but not be limited to, the
- 10 following:
- 11 The bank will not sell its existing AMA
- 12 portfolio to GMAP under this approval, and the
- underwriting standards will be as set forth in the
- 14 GMAP guide which accompanied the submission, which
- will limit the program in a number of ways, to
- include that the loan be first liens;
- 17 That they be fixed-rate level payment
- loans with terms of no more than 30 years;
- 19 That there be no adjustable rate or
- 20 graduated payment loans;
- 21 That there be no negative amortization
- or interest-only or bi-weekly payment mortgages;

1 That mortgages must be originated within

- 2 12 months of purchase, credit scores must be
- 3 current within 180 days of delivery date.
- 4 Further, the loans must comply with
- 5 responsible lending standards that's set forth in
- 6 the notice. We have reviewed those standards, and
- 7 they fully satisfy our advisory bulletin 2005 AB08
- guidelines and Federal Home Loan Bank
- 9 anti-predatory lending policies. That bulletin
- 10 was dated August 25, 2005.
- 11 Specifically, as will be stated in any
- 12 approval letter, the program will not accept loans
- 13 that violate any applicable federal, state, or
- local anti-predatory lending law or that have
- 15 prepayment penalties, single premium credit
- insurance, mandatory arbitration provisions, rates
- or fees in excess of the Home Ownership Equity
- 18 Protection Act, or HOPA thresholds, or loans that
- 19 are classified as high- cost, high-risk, or
- 20 high-fee under any applicable federal, state, or
- local rule, regulation, or ordinance. Nor will
- 22 federal preemption be taken into account in the

1 enforcement of those anti-predatory lending

- 2 guidelines.
- 3 In light of that information and our
- analysis, we found no statutory, regulatory, or
- 5 safety and soundness bars to the bank's proposed
- 6 activities. Based on our assessment of the notice
- 7 and its accompanying materials, I am prepared to
- 8 approve the bank's notice. The approval is solely
- 9 for the activity set forth in the notice and any
- 10 material changes would require a separate notice
- 11 and Finance Board approval. Approval would be
- 12 limited to the Atlanta bank.
- I bring this matter to the Board's
- 14 attention in case there are any issues you would
- 15 wish to discuss before action is taken under
- delegated authority, and to afford you an
- 17 opportunity to discuss any policy-related issues
- 18 that might arise from this action. As always,
- 19 policy remains the purview of the Board of
- 20 Directors.
- 21 That's the end of my presentation.
- 22 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Thank you very

- 1 much.
- 2 MR. CROSS: I am joined by Christina
- 3 Muradian from the Office of Supervision and Tom
- 4 Joseph from the Office of General Counsel, who
- 5 will assist me if there are questions that you may
- 6 wish to ask about our analysis.
- 7 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Do any other board
- 8 members with to comment or ask questions?
- 9 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: Could you need our
- 10 concurrence, or do you just want it?
- MR. CROSS: We do not need your
- 12 concurrence, but this is of sufficiently unique
- 13 character that we thought discretion was in some
- sense the better part of valor here that we wanted
- to alert you of our action in advance. And we
- are, of course, willing to -- we have not taken
- the action, and we are willing to and will take
- 18 any comments of the Board into account either in
- our communication to the bank of approval, or in
- 20 our final decision.
- 21 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: It sounds like to
- me you have concerns about it.

1 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Let me respond to

- that observation. The staff has concluded that
- 3 they, from what, as Steve just indicated, find no
- 4 objection and would approve it.
- In conversations that I've had with
- them, with the staff, we discussed the fact that
- 7 this is involving mortgages, and mortgages are a
- 8 highly visible activity within the home loan bank
- 9 system. And rather than merely have the staff
- 10 approve it in, basically, a nonpublic fashion, we
- 11 prefer to have the issue raised, aired, discussed
- in public. It remains the purview of the staff to
- 13 approve or not approve, but, as Steve indicated,
- 14 he is raising it in public for the audience as
- well as ourselves to hear that the Board will
- 16 raise whatever questions it may have, and it's
- 17 about as public as it can be.
- 18 We are not -- just let me try to be a
- 19 bit technical -- the vote is not whether we
- approve or disapprove the program; the vote is
- 21 basically to reauthorize, acquiesce in the staff's
- 22 decision. So we will have a chance to express our

1 views. They may or may not affect the staff's

- decision, but at the end of the day this issue has
- 3 been, as I say, as public as it can be.
- 4 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: Well, it just
- 5 strikes me you're either voting for something or
- 6 against something. So I'm just curious -- I mean,
- 7 is our concurrence required or can people just
- 8 arbitrarily bring things before the Board or --
- 9 MR. CROWLEY: It's not being brought
- 10 arbitrarily before the Board, it's being -- the
- 11 action that needs to be taken here is the approval
- of the new business activity submission that
- 13 Atlanta has given to us.
- 14 The Chairman has delegated the authority
- 15 to approve that to the Director of the Office of
- 16 Supervision, as Steve, as the chairman, have
- indicated. This is something new. It's somewhat
- different, it presents fewer risks to the bank in
- terms of not having the mortgage loans on the
- 20 books, but it is something different and it is
- 21 something that we think warrants discussion. So
- 22 the vote that you will be asked to, is to affirm

1 the delegation in effect; it is not a vote on the

- 2 merits or the substance of the submission because
- 3 that remains with the Director of the Office of
- 4 Supervision.
- 5 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: And have you done
- 6 this previously?
- 7 MR. CROWLEY: No, we have not. We
- 8 certainly have briefed board members,
- 9 individually, on other matters where we think that
- 10 there is some novelty or other reason for them to
- 11 be aware of it, and in discussions among ourselves
- and with the Chairman, we thought that this was a
- good opportunity to discuss it with the board
- 14 members in public in case any of you had questions
- or concerns that we could answer in public forum.
- 16 DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: I do have some
- 17 comments.
- 18 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: That's confusing
- 19 -- but thank you anyway.
- 20 MR. CROSS: But may I make one final
- 21 stab at this? Many new business activity notices
- 22 are very narrow, very technical and arcane. They

1 are of probably little interest in the specifics

- or details to board members or to the audience.
- 3 And that's why the new business activity
- 4 delegation, I believe, exists.
- We have on occasion taken action on new
- 6 business activities that were not arcane, narrowly
- 7 focused or technical, and when the approval has
- 8 become a matter of public record, questions have
- 9 been asked by the press, the public, board members
- 10 as to why they had not known more about the
- 11 thought process before the action was taken and,
- therefore, irreversible. Those circumstances have
- 13 almost always surrounded matters relating to the
- mortgage program or issues such as securitization.
- In this case, I emphasized in the
- 16 presentation that this is not a home loan bank
- 17 securitization; it is not -- it is a private label
- 18 securitization, and that the role of the home loan
- 19 bank of Atlanta is very limited because those are
- 20 the kinds of questions that have arisen in the
- 21 past with respect to approved new business
- 22 activities that tangentially involve the home

- 1 loans banks and a securitization process.
- 2 So my answer to you is that it has less
- 3 to do with our reservations about any information
- 4 or any aspects of this proposal and our desire to
- 5 be public about the action we're taking address in
- 6 public any of the issues before there is
- 7 speculation based on rumor, innuendo, or partial
- 8 information.
- 9 In this case, from a safety and
- soundness perspective, we think that the approval
- is relatively straightforward. As I stated at the
- end, I do believe that this can raise some public
- 13 policy issues that principally surround the
- 14 relationship between a home loan bank and a
- third-party engaged in activities that the home
- loan bank itself may not be permissible to do.
- 17 And, therefore, I felt it was appropriate to bring
- 18 it to the attention of the Board before the action
- 19 was taken.
- 20 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: So you're more
- 21 concerned about the optics of it? Is that what
- you're telling me, instead of the policy?

1 MR. CROSS: I am concerned about the

- 2 potential optics issues if we don't lay out what
- 3 we're doing publicly, fully, and completely before
- 4 we take the action.
- I don't know if that answers your
- 6 question, but I find it hard to answer that
- 7 question as a pure yes or no.
- 8 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: Is that because
- 9 you're concerned about what we're doing, or the
- 10 precedent we're setting, or --
- I mean, I'm trying to read between the
- lines here, and I'm not getting comfortable on the
- 13 --
- MR. CROSS: I'm not a between-the-lines
- kind of guy, really. I'd say the answer is, no, I
- am not particularly concerned about the policy.
- 17 I am concerned that members of the Board
- 18 may be concerned about it.
- 19 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: So you're not
- 20 particularly concerned about the policy, so you're
- 21 100 percent in support of the policy?
- 22 MR. CROSS: I would decline to say I'm

- 1 100 percent in favor of the policy.
- DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: Eight-two percent?
- 3 Ninety? Sixty-four?
- 4 MR. CROSS: Certainly well over 50
- 5 percent -- 72, 84, 93. Within that range.
- 6 DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: Well, Director
- 7 Montgomery, perhaps if you allow me to give you
- 8 some of my concerns and views on theis new
- 9 activity, perhaps you would understand where Dr.
- 10 Cross and the fact -- and the Chairman have
- 11 thought that it would be a good idea for the
- 12 directors to express our opinions. So the
- 13 first thing being, I wanted to say, is to thank
- 14 Steve for his presentation and also Christina and
- Tom for the briefing.
- 16 I believe that they have considered what's
- 17 appropriate from their perspective, namely safety
- and soundness implications. But I do believe,
- 19 then, this is a policy matter, which I believe is
- 20 this Board's obligation over and above safety and
- 21 soundness not really defined. Even if the program
- 22 works, and if it's risky -- and I think that Steve

1 couldn't put it in a better way -- it is a safety

- 2 and soundness matter. It is going to be less
- 3 risky than the bank's AMA program.
- 4 But I think what would be asked here
- 5 today is to approve something, that at least to
- 6 my knowledge is entirely new. If we approve
- 7 this, we would be letting a home loan bank getting
- 8 into what I would call the outsourcing business
- 9 for the primary benefit of the single private
- 10 entity. The bank would essentially be selling its 16
- 11 existing proprietary information and technology,
- its administrative and marketing services, and,
- 13 most importantly, its reputation and member
- relationships to one member established solely to
- 15 be a conduit to the ultimate buyer and do so on an
- 16 exclusive basis.
- I can understand -- I can see why this
- 18 appeals to the Atlanta bank and to the
- 19 counterparty, but I don't think it's appropriate
- 20 to exploit the GSE shutter in this way, and I
- 21 certainly don't think one institution should be
- 22 able to trade on their reputation and imprimatur

of the entirely federal home loan bank system,

- 2 especially not for the benefit of the single
- 3 private sector entity.
- I am sorry, but I am just not convinced
- 5 -- and this is an appropriate extension and use of
- 6 the GSE charter. And I do believe again that
- 7 there are important policy issues at stake here.
- 8 I think you were --
- 9 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: I appreciate your
- 10 comments.
- 11 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Director Bacino?
- 12 DIRECTOR BACINO: Just a couple of
- 13 thoughts. First of all, I thank the Chairman and
- 14 I thank Steve and Neil for bringing it to us this
- 15 way.
- I mean I know that this is a little out
- of the ordinary, but I'm hoping this is kind of
- 18 the path we will take on some of these issues in
- 19 the future. One of the frustrations that I've had
- in my time here has been that -- and it's a
- 21 reputation I think it kind of preceded me coming
- 22 here, from information I'd had from friends and

1 sources as well as people on the Hill -- is that

- 2 we've sometimes tended to do things and then
- 3 announced it. And I would prefer that if we're
- 4 going to do things like that, that we have a forum
- 5 like this where people have a chance to raise
- 6 concerns, to raise issues.
- 7 Obviously, this was delegated, or is
- 8 delegated to Steve, so he could have approved it
- 9 or turned it down without doing this. So what I'm
- 10 saying, the first thing is I would thank the
- 11 Chairman, I would thank Steve and Neil for their
- 12 briefing and for their willingness to bring this
- 13 up to us in this format.
- 14 Secondly, I don't think this creates
- 15 another housing GSE. I think this is a
- 16 relationship between a bank and a vendor that,
- 17 frankly, combines private sector secondary market
- 18 capabilities with a program that can allow the
- mortgage needs of the community banks of this
- 20 federal home bank to be served.
- Obviously, one of the concerns we have a
- about the MPF and the MPP program is that those

loans sit on the books. These won't sit on the

- 2 books of the Atlanta Home Loan Bank. I also think
- 3 it's important that -- and I would ask you a
- 4 question, Steve, I assume that if this works,
- 5 we're going to see other people, other companies
- 6 get into the market. Would that be a fair
- 7 statement?
- 8 MR. CROSS: That's possible. We could
- 9 also see other home loan banks seek to engage in
- 10 this, and I think it would be fair to say there's
- 11 no reason to believe that they would all
- 12 necessarily use the same provider, same
- 13 securitizer as Atlanta.
- 14 DIRECTOR BACINO: Frankly, if they do,
- that doesn't concern me as much as if there's
- somebody else that jumps into the game, you know,
- and it creates more competition which I also think
- is usually a good thing. So, frankly, I guess I'm
- looking at this, and I'm looking at the format in
- 20 which we went through this in terms of having
- 21 briefing as showing that we're being more clear,
- 22 more open, maybe on our way to being a world-class

1 regulators, you know. And I would applaud you

- 2 guys for doing that.
- 3 But as the program itself, I think it
- 4 helps to meet the needs of, you know, mid-size and
- 5 smaller community banks without putting an asset
- 6 on the balance sheet of the Atlanta Home Loan Bank. So
- 7 I applaud that as well.
- 8 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Thank you, Mr.
- 9 Bacino. If I may make a comment, and perhaps
- 10 Judge Mendelowitz would care to speak about that.
- 11 I think this is a -- once having established this
- 12 program meeting the bar of the safety and
- 13 soundness issue -- I think, quite frankly, it's a
- 14 relatively easy decision.
- 15 If you look at the history of the home
- loan banks participating in the mortgage programs,
- 17 what I think we find is there is one universal
- truth, and that is that the reason the home loan
- banks should participate in the mortgage programs
- is to help those basically small and medium-sized
- 21 institutions, member institutions have an outlet
- 22 for their mortgages.

1 That was the predicate for getting into

- the mortgage business, and based upon my now two
- and a half years here, with everyone I've spoken
- 4 to in the industry, that seemed to be a legitimate
- 5 service to the members, the vast majority of them
- 6 who are small if not medium-size.
- 7 I think we've all had the benefit of
- 8 history at this point, and we've seen that what
- 9 was intended to be a benefit to a certain group of
- 10 banks, the vast majority of our banks, the program
- in a sense of volume standpoint got taken over by
- 12 a handful of very large institutions quite
- 13 different than what this program was initially
- 14 intended to do.
- I think that what we're dealing with
- here is a very fundamental issue. If we accept
- 17 the fact that it is desirable for the home loan
- 18 banks to help its members -- primarily the small
- 19 and medium-size members -- by volume mortgages,
- 20 how should they do it?
- 21 Choice A is the AMA programs: MPF, MPP.
- We've seen what's happened in those programs.

1 What's happened in those programs, it is very --

- 2 in its best light -- it's been very checkered
- 3 success and I'm being very -- very complimentary
- 4 in this description.
- 5 This program that's being discussed
- 6 today seems to me to provide the benefit of having
- 7 the small and medium-size members being able to
- 8 dispose of their mortgages on a basis that does
- 9 not involve the home loan banks taking on,
- 10 basically, the interest rate risk that is
- 11 prevalent in the AMA programs, which I think is an
- 12 enormous advantage from where we are today.
- 13 Had this program been in existence some
- 14 years ago, I suspect that probably a great deal of
- 15 the discussion that this Board has about various
- issues at various banks, we will not need to have.
- 17 Whether this program actually works or not, I
- don't know; that's for the marketplace. Whether
- 19 these people who are buying mortgages with the
- 20 intent of securitizing them, offer a better price
- in FANNIE or FREDDIE, or Wells Fargo or whoever
- 22 else, I don't know.

But it seems to me that this is -- this

- 2 is just another source of opportunity for the
- 3 small and medium-size banks to sell their
- 4 mortgages on whatever basis they deem most
- 5 favorable.
- 6 And, having said that, and again
- 7 reducing the risk taken by the home loan banks in
- 8 the previous programs, I am fully supportive of
- 9 the staff's decision on this matter.
- 10 Any other --
- 11 DIRECTOR MENDELOWITZ: I just wanted to
- ask a question about the 7J provisions, and our
- 13 statute requires that the banks treat all of their
- 14 members equally. Does this proposal satisfy the
- 15 requirements of 7J and what's the legal reasoning
- 16 for that decision?
- MR. CROWLEY: I believe so, is that is
- 18 something --
- 19 MR. JOSEPH: 7J requires that you treat
- 20 members equally, but it doesn't prevent you from
- 21 applying general commercial criteria to how you
- 22 treat it. It doesn't necessarily mean that you

1 have to treat each members exactly the same. And

- within this, the provisions are such that it's
- 3 well within the normal right of a board of
- 4 directors to make a decision about who you will
- deal with, who you will contact with, and how you
- 6 would structure those contracts for business
- 7 reasons. And this falls within that general
- 8 provision. And so I think it's consistent with 7J
- 9 on those grounds.
- 10 DIRECTOR MENDELOWITZ: I had one other
- 11 question about the overlap between in this
- 12 proposal and potential ways of addressing the
- 13 abusive practices in the subprime market. In a
- 14 perfect world, some one with less than pristine
- 15 capital should be able to walk into an originator
- and receive a mortgage with terms similar to a
- 17 prime-conforming mortgage, 30 years fixed rate.
- 18 And in a perfect world, the only difference would
- 19 be that the interest rate should be somewhat
- 20 higher to reflect the added risk of the
- 21 less-than-pristine credit borrower. And that
- 22 interest rate differential should reflect the

1 expected losses associated with a more risky

- 2 borrower.
- 3 Up until five years ago subprime
- 4 borrowers were probably underserved in the market.
- 5 In the past five years, we've seen just the
- 6 opposite. The subprime borrowers have been
- overserved because of an explosion, what has
- 8 turned out to be really predatory lending
- 9 practices.
- 10 As a practical matter, would there be
- anything about this program that would prevent its
- 12 modification in the future, if it works, if it
- 13 meets the market test to provide an outlet for
- 14 subprime loans that are not predatory, that, in
- 15 fact, protect the well-being and the interest of
- the borrower by basically structuring them
- 17 comparable to loans that are envisioned under this
- 18 program but having an interest rate somewhat
- 19 higher to reflect expected losses?
- 20 MR. CROSS: The program as it is
- 21 presented can accommodate that. It can
- 22 accommodate mortgages that are fixed-term level

1 payment. They do not have to be at prime interest

- 2 rates so long as they are not above the HOEPA
- 3 thresholds, which I believe are about eight
- 4 percent above the sort of prime level of interest
- 5 rates.
- 6 So the answer to your question is,
- 7 currently or in the future, the members could
- 8 offer subprime loans so long as those loans are
- 9 fixed-rate level payment loans that are not
- interest only and don't have some of the other
- 11 provisions which, in combination with subprime,
- have created some of the issues that we're seeing
- in the subprime marketplace today.
- 14 DIRECTOR MENDELOWITZ: So from a policy
- 15 perspective what you're telling the Board is that
- this program, in fact, provides a potential
- vehicle for having the home loan bank system
- 18 contribute to providing acceptable quality
- 19 financing options that would represent a real
- 20 alternative to the abusive practices that are
- 21 currently prevalent in the predatory lending?
- 22 MR. CROSS: That's true. This program

1 avoids the abusive practices that we have seen of

- 2 the combination of nontraditional features with
- 3 subprime.
- 4 It provides -- you used the word
- 5 "potential." Potential is correct. I can't give
- 6 an assurance that it will do that, but it provides
- 7 potential because it is limited to fixed-rate
- 8 level payment loans.
- 9 DIRECTOR MENDELOWITZ: Thank you.
- 10 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: Mr. Chairman, I
- 11 understand there is not yet a motion, but so in
- lieu of a motion, I would have a request that we
- table this item until the next meeting.
- 14 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: I think I -- well,
- basically, the answer is I'm not in favor of that,
- Brian. We've been -- you haven't been through it,
- and, quite frankly, Staff, I don't understand why
- 18 Director Montgomery has not been briefed. We
- briefed the secretary, and I wasn't aware prior to
- 20 that that he was not going to be here. So Brian
- 21 should have been briefed. I understand his
- 22 concern of having not had the benefit of, you

1 know, all these deliberations going on. But, I

- 2 mean, don't let it happen again. If he's going to
- 3 be here, he ought to be briefed on it.
- In any event, does anybody -- well,
- 5 having -- I guess we -- do we vote on Director
- 6 Montgomery's motion to defer it?
- 7 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: I didn't make a
- 8 motion. I made a request. You, as chairman, can
- 9 honor the request, or I can make a motion and it
- 10 can be voted on.
- 11 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Better try the
- 12 motion.
- DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: Mr. Chairman, I'd
- like to make a motion that we table this item to
- 15 the next board meeting.
- MR. CROWLEY: Do you have a second?
- 17 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: I ask the secretary
- 18 to produce a second.
- MR. CROWLEY: Mr. Chairman, I believe we
- 20 have a second.
- 21 DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: I second.
- 22 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Okay. Call the

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1	roll	

- 2 SECRETARY WILLIS: On the item before
- 3 the Board, Director Bacino, how do you vote?
- 4 DIRECTOR BACINO: No.
- 5 SECRETARY WILLIS: Director Castaneda?
- 6 DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: Yes.
- 7 SECRETARY WILLIS: Director Mendelowitz?
- 8 DIRECTOR MENDELOWITZ: No.
- 9 SECRETARY WILLIS: Director Montgomery?
- 10 DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: Yes.
- 11 SECRETARY WILLIS: Chairman Rosenfeld?
- 12 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: No. If there is
- nothing else, I would accept the motion to affirm
- 14 the staff's authority to approve or disapprove the
- 15 new business activity request from the banks.
- 16 DIRECTOR BACINO: So moved.
- 17 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Okay. Second?
- 18 DIRECTOR MENDELOWITZ: I second that.
- 19 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Director
- 20 Mendelowitz?
- 21 DIRECTOR MENDELOWITZ: (off mike)
- 22 CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Would the secretary

1	please call the roll?
2	SECRETARY WILLIS: On the item before
3	the Board, Director Bacino, how do you vote?
4	DIRECTOR BACINO: Yes.
5	SECRETARY WILLIS: Director Castaneda?
6	DIRECTOR CASTANEDA: No.
7	SECRETARY WILLIS: Director Mendelowitz?
8	DIRECTOR MENDELOWITZ: Yes.
9	SECRETARY WILLIS: Director Montgomery?
10	DIRECTOR MONTGOMERY: I abstain.
11	SECRETARY WILLIS: Chairman Rosenfeld?
12	CHAIRMAN ROSENFELD: Yes. The motion is
13	adopted. Do any other board members wish to
14	comment?
15	Before commencing the closed session, I
16	would the meeting's adjourned. The agenda is
17	is anything else?
18	The meeting's adjourned.
19	(Whereupon, at 10:48 a.m., the
20	PROCEEDINGS were adjourned.)
21	* * * *
22	